

Bendigo Cemetery



Double grave with two headstones for EADIE and McINTYRE.

Notes for double grave #1081 in section D3.

Two notable Bendigonians:

Dr James Eadie - a pioneer medical gentlemen who died in 1907 aged 88 years.

Sir John McIntyre - politician and businessman who died in 1904 aged 72 years.

Sir John McIntyre's first wife was Jeanie and she was a sister to Isabella.

Their parents were Alexander and Catherine (nee Glass) GRANT of Glasgow Scotland.

Jeanie died on 16 June 1861, on board the ship Empress of the Seas aged 25 years.

Wrong date of death for Catherine Grant. Paper record has 30 Jun 1865.

The wives of James Eadie and John McIntyre were sisters.

Images:

McINTYRE_D3_072.JPG

to

McINTYRE_D3_072D.JPG

EADIE Headstone

In memory
of
JEANNIE GRANT EADIE
died Jan 17th 1862
Age 4 months
CATHERINE GRANT
died July 3rd 1865
Age 65 years
SUSAN SMITH EADIE
died Oct 18th 1899
Age 73 years
JAMES EADIE
died Nov 6th 1907
Age 88 years



McINTYRE Headstone

In memory
of
AGNES ROBERTSON
died June 30th 1872
Age 28 years
ISABELLA McINTYRE
died March 22nd 1902
Age 71 years
SIR JOHN McINTYRE K.B.
died Jan 20th 1904
Aged 72 years



The following people were buried in this grave #1081 Sect D3 as per cemetery records.

EADIE James 6/11/1907 6/11/1907 88 yrs 19514
EADIE Jennie Grant 17/01/1862 17/01/1862 4 mths 1081
EADIE John McIntyre 21/09/1953 93 yrs 36817
EADIE Susan Smith 18/10/1899 18/10/1899 73 yrs 15626
GRANT Catherine 3/07/1865 3/07/1865 65 yrs 2064
McINTYRE Archibald 22/05/1862 1 yr Mon 1206
McINTYRE Isabella 20/03/1902 22/03/1902 71 yrs 16896
McINTYRE John (Sir) 18/01/1904 20/01/1904 72 yrs 17786
ROBERTSON Agnes 28/06/1872 30/06/1872 28 yrs 4334

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Catherine Glass GRANT

Bendigo Advertiser (Vic. : 1855 - 1918) Sat 1 Jul 1865 Page 2

Family Notices

DEATH.

On the 30th ultimo, at the residence of her son-in-law, John McIntyre, Esq JP Mayor, Catherine Glass, relict of the late Mr Alexander Grant, spirit merchant, Glasgow, aged sixty-five years.

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Susan Smith Eadie

Bendigo Advertiser (Vic. : 1855 - 1918) Tue 17 Oct 1899 Page 2

Death of Mrs Eadie.

Mrs Eadie, wife of Dr James Eadie senr, whose serious illness we noted in yesterday's issue, died at her residence early yesterday morning. The deceased lady, who was 75 years of age, contracted influenza about 10 days ago, but no serious results were anticipated until Wednesday last, when the malady turned to pneumonia, and the case was then regarded as so serious that all the relatives were summoned.

The advanced age of the deceased rendered such an illness especially trying and in spite of the best medical skill and attention Mrs Eadie gradually stunk until yesterday morning, when, as stated she passed quietly away.

Dr and Mrs Eadie landed in Victoria in the early fifties, and as nearly all the intervening time has been spent in Bendigo, they have naturally made many warm friends, to whom the lady's death, while not entirely unexpected, will cause sincere regret. She leaves three sons and one daughter, of whom Dr J M'Intyre Eadie is the only one resident in this city. Dr James Eadie, who practised here for some time, is now in practice in Balaclava, and Dr George Eadie, the youngest son, is practising his profession in the Western district. Mrs Pittman, the only daughter, resides in Sydney. Mrs Eadie was a sister to Lady M'Intyre, who, with Sir John M'Intyre, will probably arrive in Bendigo today. The funeral takes place tomorrow.

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LADY Isabella McINTYRE

Bendigo Advertiser (Vic. : 1855 - 1918) Fri 21 Mar 1902 Page 3

DEATH OF LADY Isabella McINTYRE.

Early yesterday afternoon Lady McIntyre, wife of Sir John McIntyre, passed away at

Brighton, after a lingering illness. The deceased lady had been more or less an invalid for many years, and in consequence had been unable to take the prominent part in social functions to which her position entitled her. For upwards of six months Lady McIntyre had been confined to her room, and during that time her medical adviser, Dr Jas Eadie, of Balaclava, had been unremitting in his attention.

About a month ago Dr J McIntyre Eadie, of this city, visited Melbourne, and was surprised to find that Lady McIntyre was very seriously indisposed. His brother and he, after holding a consultation, expressed to Sir John their opinion that the end was near, and since then the deceased lady had daily become weaker. A few days since she seemed to suffer a slight relapse after a temporary rally. She lingered on till yesterday, however, when, as stated, the end came peacefully.

The late Lady McIntyre was 71 years of age, and a native of Glasgow. She was the fourth daughter of the late Mr Alexander Grant, a well-known Glasgow merchant. She arrived in Victoria in 1861, by the ship Empress of the Seas, of which Dr James Eadie, senr, of this city, was surgeon.

Amongst other passengers on board were Sir John McIntyre's first wife (the deceased lady's sister), the late Mrs James Eadie (another sister), their mother (Mrs Grant), and Sir John McIntyre. About that time Sir John's first wife died, and 14 years later Sir John married Miss Grant, the bill sanctioning the marriage with a deceased wife's sister, having then become law.

In 1889, they removed from Bendigo to Melbourne, to reside in the house of the late Chief Justice Higinbotham, which Sir John had purchased. The deceased lady's death will be sincerely regretted, especially in the Bendigo and Maldon districts, where she had many friends. She possessed a kind, charitable disposition, and few genuine cases of distress were brought under her notice in vain.

To Sir John McIntyre she was a devoted wife, and much sympathy is expressed for him in his sad bereavement. Sir John McIntyre, as is well known, represents the electorate of Maldon in the Legislative Assembly. He came to Bendigo in 1852, and about 1855 entered into partnership with Dr James Eadie, the later having an extensive medical practice, while Sir John carried on the chemist and druggist's department.

In 1856 he was elected a member of the Bendigo Local Mining Court, and subsequently he occupied a seat on the Local Mining Board. In 1860, with his family, he paid a visit to the old country, returning to Bendigo in the following year. When the Municipal Amendment Act came into force, Bendigo was created a borough, and Sir John, being then chairman of council, was made first Mayor of Bendigo. He occupied the mayoral chair for six successive terms.

In 1877 he was appointed one of Bendigo's representatives in the Legislative Assembly, but lost his seat in 1880. In 1881 he successfully nominated for the Maldon electorate, which he has represented ever since. He received the distinguished honor of knighthood in 1895, in recognition of his long and estimable services to Victoria.

The remains of the deceased lady will be brought to Bendigo tomorrow afternoon, the funeral moving from the railway station at 1.30 o'clock.

and

Maldon, 20th March.

The news of Lady McIntyre's death was received here this afternoon with profound regret. Although her demise was not altogether unexpected, and although she was personally unknown to the majority of the residents, yet she was highly esteemed as the amiable and loving wife of our popular Parliamentary representative, for whom much sympathy is expressed.

When the sad news was received flags at the public building were hoisted half-mast, as well as at the private residences of Sir John's many intimate friends. Hosts of sympathetic messages have been forwarded to the bereaved member in his trouble. The funeral, which takes place at Bendigo on Saturday, will be attended by many prominent citizens of Maldon. It is probable that the complimentary smoke social and presentation to be made to Sir John next month, in honour of his representation of Maldon in the Legislative Assembly for 21 years, will be postponed. The shire councillors will attend the funeral in a body.

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Sir John M'Intyre

Bendigo Advertiser (Vic. : 1855 - 1918) Tue 19 Jan 1904 Page 2

BENDIGO, TUESDAY, JAN. 19, 1904.

THE LATE SIR JOHN M'INTYRE.

A few weeks ago Sir John M'Intyre addressed the electors of Bendigo as a candidate for the Senate. Those who heard him, and had known him in days gone by, recognised that he had lost much of the vigor which formerly characterised his utterances, but they noted with pleasure that he appeared well in health and capable of the energy necessary for the successful discharge of public duties for some time to come. Unhappily, as our readers have already been made aware, he contracted a chill at the beginning of the year, and this, accentuated by the permanent effects of a serious illness through which he passed many years ago, has led to his demise, the sad event occurring last night at his residence in Middle Brighton.

In the election to which we have referred, Sir John came very near being one of the chosen of the people, but though his relatives and friends will naturally regret that he did not win a seat in the Senate, they will be able to derive much consolation from the fact that something like 85,000 of his fellow Victorians deemed him worthy of a place, thus evincing their confidence in, and esteem for, a public man who had occupied a conspicuous place in the politics of the country for nearly 20 years.

Though not destined to figure in the Federal arena, Sir John M'Intyre had a long and honorable career in the State Parliament. He sat for but three years as member for Bendigo, where he had lived an active life and labored arduously for the benefit of the citizens; but it remained for Maldon to signalise its constancy, and at the same time pay a tribute to his worth, by retaining him as its representative for 21 years without a break.

Few public men are privileged to occupy the same seat so long, and this fact in Sir John M'Intyre's career supplies convincing testimony regarding his faithful discharge of public duty, his consistency and trustworthiness. He would have remained in the position of member for Maldon if he had not opposed the Reform movement, but even this circumstance

redounds greatly to the deceased gentleman's credit, for though he knew he was risking his seat, he declined to sacrifice his own opinions for the purpose of retaining the confidence of the constituents he had served so long and so faithfully.

In Parliament Sir John M'Intyre won the reputation of a vigorous debater, especially in the earlier years of his career, when the political barometer frequently pointed to "stormy." The fact that he was opposed to the Coalition administration which followed the Reform period of 1877-1881, postponed his chance of obtaining office, and it was not until 1893, when Sir James Patterson formed his Government, that Sir John M'Intyre first assumed Cabinet rank. His able administration of the Lands department during his term of office prompts a regret that his opportunities for usefulness in this capacity were not mere frequent and extensive.

As it is, his name is linked with the first efforts to establish village settlements in Victoria. Sir John M'Intyre strenuously advocated closer settlement, and the adoption of a policy which would attract population to the country as distinguished from the towns. Though the object of many violent attacks from opponents during his political career, nothing could ever be alleged against his public character, which was entirely free from blemish. He never used his position for his own personal benefit, and such a thing as treachery to his friends or party was "undreamt of in his philosophy."

As a Bendigonian, Sir John M'Intyre rendered efficient service in many capacities indeed from the early "fifties" to the "seventies" there was scarcely a movement with which he was not actively identified. He was an energetic participator in the diggers' license agitation and the movement for the representation of the diggers in Parliament. He was an earnest champion of the movement for the unlocking of the lands, and in regard to mining questions ever took part on the liberal side. He was rewarded by election to many honourable positions, and as a member of the Municipal and Borough Councils was Mayor for six years in succession, thus eclipsing the feat of the celebrated Dick Whittington.

As a councillor he was instrumental in obtaining the fee simple of Rosalind Park for the citizens, and fought for the erection of the Town Hall, and obtained it, as he said he would, "by hook or by crook," in spite of determined opposition. He established the Corporate High School and secured the right to the council to utilise the frontage of Bath Corner Reserve for building purposes, from which the city now receives a handsome income in rents.

It will thus be seen that Sir John M'Intyre was very prominently identified with Bendigo, and his name must ever be associated with its municipal history. Though he made enemies, as every public man is bound to do, especially when he is fearless, earnest, and impulsive, thousands of Bendigonians will entertain kindly thoughts today of their old fellow citizen, and in this city and throughout Victoria there are many homes in which the death of John M'Intyre will be regarded as a personal loss.

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Dr James Eadie

Bendigo Advertiser (Vic. : 1855 - 1918) Wed 6 Nov 1907 Page 4

DEATH OF DR JAMES EADIE

One of Bendigo's pioneer medical gentlemen, in the person of Dr James Eadie, has passed away at the residence of his son, Dr James Eadie, "Kirkdale," Carlyle Street, Balaclava, yesterday, at the age of 88 years.

The deceased gentleman was born in Glasgow in 1819, where his father was engaged in the manufacture of muslin on a large scale.

In 1828 he went to Canada, but returned to Scotland for three years, and completed his education, finally passing his examination at the Glasgow University. In 1850 Dr Eadie was married, and subsequently sailed for Australia, arriving in Melbourne in 1854.

He commenced the practice of his profession in Collingwood, but Bendigo offered more attractive prospects, and he came to this city where he remained until 10 years ago. He then retired, and lived with his sons at different intervals.

At the time of his death he had been residing with Dr Jas Eadie at Balaclava. His illness only dated from Tuesday last. He was apparently in good health on Monday, and went out for his customary walk.

On Tuesday morning, however, he did not come down to breakfast, and word was sent to him upstairs. He then complained of feeling unwell, but partly dressed himself. He was so weak that he had to return to bed. Nothing serious was then anticipated, but it was soon made apparent to the members of the family that the deceased gentleman was weakening and the relatives in other parts of the State were summoned.

The end came at 2 am yesterday, when the deceased gentleman passed away in the presence of his children. The deceased gentleman was an honorary surgeon of the Bendigo Hospital for many years and a member of the Golden and Corinthian Masonic Lodge of Freemasons.

The late John McIntyre was a brother-in-law of the deceased. The three sons who survive are Dr Geo A Eadie, of Beaufort, Dr J M Eadie, of Bendigo and Dr Jas Eadie of Balaclava, while a daughter is Mrs ??, wife of the Under-Secretary of New South Wales. The remains will be conveyed to Bendigo by rail this afternoon, the train arriving at a quarter to 5 o'clock, when the cortege will be then formed and moved to the Bendigo Cemetery.

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Bendigo Advertiser (Vic. : 1855 - 1918) Thu 7 Nov 1907 Page 7

OBITUARY.

THE LATE DR JAMES EADIE.

The funeral of the late Dr James Eadie, senr, took place at the Bendigo Cemetery yesterday. The remains were brought up from Melbourne by the afternoon train. Many old Bendigonians and prominent citizens followed the remains to the grave, and amongst those at the graveside were Drs Atkinson and Gaffney, Messrs W Moore, R Mackay, Angus Kennedy, C Houston, W Vale, S H McGowan, C McDevitt, and others. The chief mourners were Drs James, J M, and George Eadie, sons of the deceased gentleman.

The interment took place in the Presbyterian portion of the cemetery, and the burial service was read by the Rev J Crookston, of St Andrew's Church. The funeral arrangements were carried out by Mr W Farmer.

The following information is a biography report about Sir John McIntyre

McIntyre, Sir John (1832 - 1904)

McINTYRE, Sir JOHN (1832-1904), politician and businessman, was born on 24 April 1832 in Glasgow, Scotland, son of Malcolm McIntyre and his wife, nee McGuinness. Educated at South End Academy, he began a medical course at the University of Glasgow but was attracted to Victoria by reports of gold discoveries and in 1852 arrived at Portland in the *Runnymede*. He worked various mining claims with success and settled at Bendigo where in 1855 he set up business as apothecary (a historical name for a medical professional who formulates and dispenses medical material to physicians, surgeons and patients - a role now served by a pharmacist) and gold-buyer in partnership with Dr James Eadie but continued his mining pursuits, especially quartz-crushing.

In the early 1850s McIntyre supported the Red Ribbon Movement against conditions on the goldfields. He was prominent in the agitation for unlocking the lands and treasurer of the local land league. In 1857 he offered to lead the diggers to Melbourne 'to prevent the robbery and spoliation of the patrimony of the people'. In 1856 he had been elected to the Sandhurst Court which dealt with mining matters and in 1858 to its successor, the mining board. As its chairman he was a leader in framing the first code of local mining by-laws and president of the first conference of mining board representatives in Melbourne. His many investments in mining were profitable and he travelled overseas several times to procure foreign capital for local mines, notably in 1887 when he formed a company in London to introduce British capital into the Maldon mines.

In 1859 McIntyre was elected to the Sandhurst Municipal Council but went to Europe with his family. On his return in 1862 he rejoined the council, becoming chairman in 1863 and then first mayor before he resigned in 1868. As mayor he was host to the Duke of Edinburgh when he visited Bendigo in December 1867. In 1876 he represented Victoria at the Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, partly to observe the arrangements so that he could make recommendations for the Victorian celebrations a decade later. In Bendigo he took a special interest in the local hospital, giving long service as honorary secretary and later as a trustee. He was a territorial magistrate and a guardian of minors for the Bendigo district.

McIntyre tried several times to enter parliament, contesting Mandurang in 1866 and Sandhurst in 1871 and 1874. In 1877 he was persuaded to stand again and won Sandhurst. An outspoken free trader, he actively opposed protection and lost his seat in June 1880, but early in 1881 won Maldon in the by-election which followed J Service's resignation from the seat. From 23 January 1893 to 27 September 1894 in the J B Patterson ministry he was president of the Board of Lands and Works and commissioner of crown lands and survey. He was a member of the royal commissions on the tariff in 1881 and gold-mining in 1889 and served on the railway standing committee in 1890. He lost his seat in September 1902.

Described as 'grand company', McIntyre was a popular and energetic administrator. He was appointed a K.B. in 1895. A Presbyterian, he was honorary colonel of the Scottish Regiment. He had married in 1853 Jeanne Grant, sister-in-law of Dr Eadie. She died in 1861, leaving three sons; in 1875 he married her sister Isabella who died in 1902. McIntyre's health broke down after his exhausting but vain campaign for election to the Senate in December 1903. He died at his home in Brighton on 18 January 1904 and was buried at the Back Creek cemetery, Bendigo.

Author: Allan Johnston
Source - Australian Dictionary of Biography Online Edition
<http://adbonline.anu.edu.au/adbonline.htm>

Sir John McIntyre





Compiled by Pat & Ian Belmont
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